



كلية الآثار

قسم الآثار الإسلامية

السنة الأولى

المادة قراءات أثرية (إنجليزى)

دور مايو ٢٠٠٢م

الزمن ثلاثة ساعات

الورقة الثانية

B)

The drinking-fountain was built by Al-Amir 'Abd ar-Rahmān Katkhoda ('), who founded numerous establishments besides this. It is considered his second and most important monument owing to the variety of its details about it. Moreover, it is situated in a spot crowded with monuments of various Islamic Periods.

The drinking-fountain (fātīra) is of great artistic importance. It has three facades interspersed with coloured marble blocks, but their main surface made of fine marble. On the openings, there are three windows which have been filled with glass. The top third is a small school (madrāsa) which contains ten niches of trapezoid shape. The main door is very distinctive. It is lined with coloured marble and decorated with intricate ornamentation. The fountain's water pours into one of the fountains. The floor is made of fine marble.

The roof which is covered with pure mosaic patterns, uniting one part of it entirely with the other, is a painting which represents the Holy Mary.

3- Write a paragraph in English less than five (5) sentences about one of the following,

- A) AL-AZHAR Mosque
- B) AL-HAKIM Mosque

تمنيات